

Story Building Blocks

Fundamental elements of compelling stories



1. AN EFFECTIVE CHARACTER

- ✓ Universal need (often emotional/intangible rather than physical/tangible)
- ✓ Relatable for similarities (i.e. mother, father, etc.) or through connection to unexpected obstacle (i.e. “it could happen to me, too”)
- ✓ Charismatic, yet authentic (not necessarily a perfectly polished spokesperson)
- ✓ Three-dimensional (What do others think of the character? What other interests/ personality traits does s/he possess? Not solely defined by their need.)
- ✓ NOT the organization in most cases; the organization is a supporting character
- ✓ Consider confidentiality and/or ethical implications of asking someone to be your featured character

2. TRAJECTORY

- ✓ Plot that propels the story forward; think action!
- ✓ Choices/devices to consider:
 - Where/when to start?
 - Time sequence – linear, or flashback/ forward?
 - Pacing – get into action quickly or slow build-up?
 - Whether/how to resolve the story?
 - Setbacks or no setbacks? (as a way to acknowledge organizational failure/ growth)

3. AUTHENTICITY

- ✓ Character’s voice, perspective – and the perspectives of others
- ✓ Details; telling your audience how to feel vs. showing your audience and letting them decide how they feel (hint: the latter is much more compelling!)
- ✓ Avoid jargon
- ✓ Provide broader context about issue prevalence, past challenges/ successes, etc.

4. ACTION-ORIENTED EMOTIONS

- ✓ Move people to action
- ✓ Choose active emotions (anger, anxiety, excitement, awe) vs. passive ones (contentment, sadness)*
- ✓ Follow up with a call-to-action in your content or presentation (or both)

5. A “HOOK”

- ✓ Lead with a sense of urgency
- ✓ Immediately provide a sense of whose story it is, what’s happening at this moment in time, and what’s at stake.**

* Berger, J. (2009). *Contagious: Why Things Catch On*. New York, NY: Simon & Schuster.

** Cron, L. (2012). *Wired for Story*. New York, NY: Ten Speed Press.

